SOUTHERN DISTRICT	OF NEW YORK	V	
LUIS TORO,		X : :	
	Plaintiff,	; ; ;	22 Civ. 7084 (JPC)
-V-		:	
		:	<u>ORDER</u>
TENEOLOGY, INC.,		: :	
	Defendant.	:	
		X	

JOHN P. CRONAN, United States District Judge:

INITED STATES DISTRICT COLDT

On April 11, 2023, after the Court was informed by the Court-annexed Mediation Program that mediation was not held because the parties represented that they had reached a settlement, the Court ordered Plaintiff to file a stipulation of dismissal or a status letter as to settlement by May 11, 2023. Dkt. 20. When that deadline passed with no status letter, the Court extended the deadline *sua sponte* to May 17, 2023, but warned that "[f]ailure to comply with this order may result in dismissal for failure to prosecute." Dkt. 21. When Plaintiff once again failed to comply with the Court's Order, the Court ordered him to submit a letter "explaining why the Court should not dismiss this case for failure to prosecute" by May 24, 2023. Dkt. 22. But that deadline has passed, and once again, Plaintiff has failed to comply.

When, as here, a plaintiff has failed to prosecute his case or comply with court orders, a court may dismiss the case under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b). *See LeSane v. Hall's Sec. Analyst, Inc.*, 239 F.3d 206, 209 (2d Cir. 2001) ("[I]t is unquestioned that Rule 41(b) . . . gives the district court authority to dismiss a plaintiff's case *sua sponte* for failure to prosecute"); *Lucas v. Miles*, 84 F.3d 532, 534-35 (2d Cir. 1996) ("Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure authorizes the district court to dismiss an action when a plaintiff fails to comply with any order of

the court."). Courts must consider five factors in deciding whether to dismiss a case under Rule 41(b):

(1) the duration of the plaintiff's failure to comply with the court order, (2) whether plaintiff was on notice that failure to comply would result in dismissal, (3) whether the defendants are likely to be prejudiced by further delay in the proceedings, (4) a balancing of the court's interest in managing its docket with the plaintiff's interest in receiving a fair chance to be heard, and (5) whether the judge has adequately considered a sanction less drastic than dismissal.

Lucas v. Miles, 84 F.3d 532, 535 (2d Cir. 1996).

Here, the five factors point toward dismissing Plaintiff's case without prejudice. First, Plaintiff has ignored three of the Court's orders. See Sanders v. Ramos, No. 12 Civ. 5302 (GBD) (JCF), 2013 WL 594229, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 14, 2013) (dismissing case under Rule 41(b) because the "[p]laintiff ha[d] failed to comply with three court orders . . . and was put on notice that failure to comply could result in dismissal"). Second, the Court warned Plaintiff multiple times that failure to comply would result in the case being dismissed without prejudice. See Dkts. 21-22. Third, the Court may presume prejudice when a plaintiff's delay is "lengthy and inexcusable." U.S. ex rel. Drake v. Norden Sys., Inc., 375 F.3d 248, 256 (2d Cir. 2004). "The delay here i[s] inexcusable: Plaintiff has not complied with the Court's directives and has not taken any steps to advance this matter despite multiple Orders directing him to do so." Urgiles v. Dep't of Corr. of New York State, No. 20 Civ. 4373 (PMH), 2021 WL 3682238, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 19, 2021). Fourth, after balancing the need to alleviate court congestion with Plaintiff's right to due process, the Court has determined that dismissal is appropriate. "Noncompliance with court orders undermines the ability of the Court to manage its docket and dispense justice to all litigants in an expeditious manner." *Id.* (quotations and alteration omitted). And lastly, fifth, the Court has further considered the possibility of a less drastic sanction than dismissal; indeed, the Court granted Plaintiff an additional chance to comply with the Court's orders as a less drastic sanction than dismissal, even after multiple failures

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to comply with prior orders. However, "[P]laintiff appears to have abandoned the litigation, [so] dismissal is appropriate." *Id*.

The Court therefore dismisses this case without prejudice. The Clerk of Court is respectfully directed to close this case.

SO ORDERED. Dated:

May 25 2023 New York, New York

JOHN P. CRONAN United States District Judge